











Rules of Procedure for the General

Meeting of Shareholders

Chapter 2.1.1 of the <u>Corporate Governance Code</u>





2.1.1 Rules of Procedure for the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders

(The General Meeting of Shareholders adopted its rules of procedure at the ordinary session held on March 20, 2014, which were amended at the ordinary sessions held on March 17, 2015, March 23, 2017, March 27, 2019, March 25, 2021, at the extraordinary sessions held on May 24, 2022, and April 27, 2023, at the ordinary session held on March 21, 2024, and at the ordinary session held on March 27, 2025).

Notwithstanding compliance with the legal regulations and Company Bylaws regarding the General Meeting of Shareholders, this document complements and illustrates the provisions of the Company Bylaws regarding General Meeting of Shareholders, with respect to the announcement and development of the meetings.

Article 1-. Composition

In accordance with the Company Bylaws, the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be comprised of the Shareholders listed in the "Company Shareholder Register", participating themselves, or through their registered agents, or through proxies appointed in writing, meeting with the quorum and the conditions set forth in the Company Bylaws and in the law.

The General Meeting of Shareholders must be attended by the Chief Legal Representative of the Company, all the members of the Board of Directors, and the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and of any committees that may exist, by any means that guarantees their attendance.

Article 2-. Chairman and General Counsel

The General Meetings of Shareholders shall be chaired by the Chief Legal Representative of the Company and the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors shall act as the Deputy Chairman. In the absence of this, the meetings will be chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The Secretary of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be the Company's General Counsel.

The Board of the General Meeting of Shareholders is comprised of the Chief Legal Representative of the Company, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the General Counsel.



Article 3-. Reports

Notwithstanding the inclusion of other items on the agenda, that involve the presentation of reports, in the case of the ordinary General Shareholders Meeting, the following will be presented:

- a) The CEO'S and Board of Directors Management Report: shall be submitted to the General Shareholders Meeting by the Chief Legal Representative of the Company or whoever he may designate for such purpose.
- b) The financial statements, separated and consolidated, of the previous fiscal year: submitted to the General Shareholders Meeting by the Financial and Administrative Vice-President of the Company or whomever his/her designates.
- c) Opinion issued by the Statutory Auditor about the financial statements, separated and consolidated, of the previous fiscal year: submitted to the General Shareholders Meeting by the Statutory Auditor.

At the request of the Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and the chairmen of the Board of Directors Committees that may exist may report to the General Shareholders Meeting specific aspects of the work carried out by the respective Committees. Nonetheless, the corporate governance report shall include the report on the main activities carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee and Committees that may exist during the year.

Article 4-. Meetings

The General Meeting of Shareholders shall have ordinary and extraordinary sessions:

4.1. Ordinary Meetings:

They shall be held once (1) a year by March thirty-one (31), following announcement by the Board of Directors or the Chief Legal Representative of the Company. If it is not announced, and as long as the current law contemplates the possibility of holding meetings in its own right, the General Meeting of Shareholders may meet in its own right on the first business day of April at ten o'clock in the morning (10:00 am) at its headquarters where the administrative offices are located, and it shall meet and decide validly with a plural number of shareholders in accordance with the rules established in the Company's bylaws regarding quorum. grupo éxito

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4.2. Extraordinary Meetings:

They shall be held when required due to unforeseen or urgent needs of the Company, following announcement by the Board of Directors, by resolution approved with legal and statutory majorities, the Chief Legal Representative of the Company or Statutory Auditor, either on their own initiative or at the request of a number of Shareholders representing ten percent (10%) or more of the capital stock. If the announcement is requested by a plural number of shareholders, the announcement will be subject to the following rules:

- Shareholders requesting the announcement must send a communication addressed to the Board of Directors, the Chief Legal Representative of the Company or the Statutory Auditor, as applicable, with a copy to the General Secretary of the Company, in which they must indicate (a) the name of the shareholders requesting the announcement, (b) the number of shares owned by each of the shareholders requesting the call, (c) the proposed agenda for the meeting that would be included in the announcement, and (d) the justification of the proposals that will be submitted to the consideration of the General Shareholders' Assembly meeting so that said justification is made available to the shareholders on the Company's website during the term of the announcement for the Assembly. Once the request is sent, the shareholders who sent it may not modify the proposed agenda, unless the Company agrees to it. Shareholders who sent the announcement request may withdraw the announcement at any time before it is published. Shareholders who have requested an announcement under the provisions of this article, may not request a new announcement until the Company has ruled on their pending announcement request.
- The call will include the date of the meeting, which may not be earlier than the fifteenth (15) business day or later than the forty-fifth (45) business day following the date of receipt of the call request, as defined by the body to which the request was submitted.
- The meeting will take place at the address within the registered office that the body authorized to announce includes in the respective announcement. If the meeting is called by the Statutory Auditor, the meeting will take place where meetings take place in their own right, unless the Statutory Auditor



and the Chief Legal Representative of the Company agree to another place within the registered office.

- Shareholders who request the announcement shall try not to include on the agenda issues that: (a) cannot be debated or approved in an extraordinary Assembly, (b) imply a usurpation of functions of other bodies, (c) deal with issues that are not within the period in which they must be considered, (d) involve the delivery of information that is not part of the information available to shareholders during the right of inspection prior to the Assembly meetings in which end-of-year balances must be considered, or (e) addresses matters that were debated by the Assembly within the three (3) months prior to the date of request of the announcement, except in the case of removing members of the board of directors or approve a social responsibility action.
- During the annoucement period, the Board of Directors will meet and evaluate the suitability of each of the items on the agenda to be included in the announcement. The report of the Board of Directors, together with the indication of the way in which the members of the Board of Directors voted, will be published on the Company's website before the date of the Assembly meeting.

As a general rule, the announcement will be made in advance not less than fifteen (15) calendar days, without prejudice to compliance with legal regulations, by one of the means indicated in the Bylaws, the announcement of the meeting shall include the date, time and place of the meeting and, necessarily, the agenda. Except where there are legal provisions to the contrary, extraordinary sessions of the General Meeting of Shareholders cannot deal with topics that are not included in the agenda indicated in the announcement of the meeting, unless decided by the majority of the shares represented at the meeting, once the end of the agenda has been reached.

Article 5-. Announcement

Ordinary sessions of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be announced at least thirty (30) calendar days in advance, and extraordinary sessions shall be announced no less than fifteen (15) calendar days in advance, notwithstanding compliance with the legal rules.

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In addition, and notwithstanding the term for announcement set forth for Ordinary General Meetings, in the case of meetings with a special announcement to consider projects related to a merger, spin-off or transformation of the Company, or the voluntary cancellation of the listing of its shares on the National Securities Registry or on the Securities Exchange, the announcement shall be made at least fifteen (15) business days in advance.

At the same time as the announcement, or at least fifteen (15) calendar days prior to the meeting, Shareholders shall be provided with the agreement proposals that the Board of Directors will submit to the General Meeting of Shareholders for each item on the agenda.

The announcement of the meeting shall mention the following: (i) the term in which the documents that, in accordance with the legal regulations, are to be made available to the Shareholders in order for them to exercise their right of inspection, will be made available at the administrative offices of the headquarters, as well as the term in which the agreement proposals from the Board of Directors and the Administration shall be published on the Company website regarding each of the items on the agenda; (ii) the term for Shareholders to ask questions, request additions to the agenda or make agreement proposals regarding the items contained therein; (iii) the fact that the Board of Directors and the Administrators shall refrain from submitting for consideration by the General Meeting of Shareholders any item that is not included on the agenda published with the announcement of the meeting; and (iv) the warning about the possibility of exercising the right to withdraw when appropriate.

When it is intended to discuss the increase in the authorized capital or decrease the subscribed capital, the respective item must be included in the agenda provided with the announcement. In these cases, the Company Administrators shall prepare a report regarding the reasons for the proposal, which must be made available to the Shareholders at the Company's administrative offices, during the term provided for the right of inspection.

The announcement shall contain the date, time, place and the agenda for the meeting, indicating each of the topics to be subject to discussion, and shall be communicated to the Shareholders by any of the following means: (i) Letter or written communication sent to Depósito Centralizado de Valores to be noted in the



Share Ledger in charge of said entity; (ii) Notice published (digitally or physical) in a widely circulated newspaper where the Company headquarters are located; or (iii) Notices published on the Company website.

The agenda shall specifically list the content of the topics to be discussed and in no case shall any generic statements be made that do not permit the detailed knowledge of the matter to be discussed.

In order to calculate the terms of the announcement, whether in business days or calendar days, as applicable, the day on which it is sent or published, as well as the day of the meeting, shall not be counted.

Article 6-. Unannounced Meetings and Decisions by Absentee Ballot

The General Meeting of Shareholders can meet anywhere and deliberate and decide validly without prior notice when all the subscribed shares are represented. Decisions shall also be valid when all Shareholders state in writing the direction of their vote regarding the specific items, in the terms established in Article 20 of Law 222/1995, or any provision that modifies or adds to it.

Paragraph. The General Shareholders Assembly may deliberate and decide remotely, as long as the requirements set forth in the applicable law are observed.

Article 7-. Right of Inspection

During the fifteen (15) business days immediately prior to the meeting of the General Shareholders' Assembly in which the end-of-year Balance is to be considered, or in the other events provided in the applicable law in which it has to be considered the transformation, merger, spin-off or cancellation of the registration of the Company's shares in the National Registry of Securities and Issuers and in the Colombian Stock Exchange, the documents required by law for the exercise of the right of inspection will be made available to the shareholders at the administration offices. The shareholders will be informed of this fact in the call of notice. During the indicated period, shareholders may exercise the right of inspection in their favor, in the terms established by law, the bylaws, the Company's Corporate Governance Code and the regulations issued for this purpose by the Board of Directors.

In no case will the right of inspection extend to (i) information on specific operations, such as commercial contracts, and other documents excluded by the applicable



regulations; (ii) information that deals with industrial secrets or whose disclosure results in a violation of the commercial and industrial confidentiality of the Company; (iii) information that, if disclosed, could be used to the detriment of the Company; or (iv) that is not subject to inspection in accordance with the regulations contained herein and with the applicable law.

The Company shall provide the Shareholders for the meetings at which the composition of the Board of Directors must be deliberated and decided, the list of proposed Board Members, including the most relevant data from the candidates' résumés and professional profiles, as soon as it receives said proposals from the Shareholders.

Article 8-. Right of Information

Within five (5) calendar days following the publication of the ordinary meeting announcement, any Shareholder owner of at least five (5%) of the share capital can: (i) make a well-founded proposal for the introduction of one or more items to the agenda of the General Meeting of Shareholders; (ii) submit well-founded, new proposals for decision about items already included on the agenda; and (iii) request information or ask questions about the items included on the agenda. The Board of Directors shall regulate the way in which the Shareholders' requests shall be managed.

Notwithstanding compliance with the law, if a Shareholder's proposal to include one or more items on the agenda is accepted by the Board of Directors, a supplement to the announcement of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be published at least fifteen (15) calendar days prior to said meeting, or fifteen (15) business days prior, if the new item to be included confers the right of inspection to the shareholders.

If substitute proposals are presented as alternatives to the items included in the agenda, the original proposal included in the call will be voted on first and then those from the shareholders that formulate the substitute proposals, in the order that they were formulated. When one of the proposals receives the necessary number of votes for its approval, the others that follow in order will not be put to a vote.

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In any case, Shareholders retain the right to put forward their proposals during the General Meeting of Shareholders. This is with the exception of matters that involve submitting the division (spin-off) of the Company for consideration by the General Meeting of Shareholders, if this decision corresponds to this body, or other matters that, in accordance with the law, can only be discussed subject to compliance with special requirements regarding announcements, advertising and availability of the proposal for examination by Shareholders during the term provided for the right of inspection, in which case, the procedures established in the law must be observed to make such decision.

The information requested by Shareholders shall be denied in the events in which the information is classified as: i) unreasonable; ii) irrelevant for understanding the Company's progress or interests; iii) confidential, which includes privileged information in the scope of the securities market, reserved information, industrial secrets, transactions underway of which their success for the Company substantially depends on the confidentiality of their negotiation; and iv) others which, if disclosed, could put the Company's competitiveness at an imminent and serious risk.

To provide equitable treatment to all shareholders, the information supplied to the Shareholders that requested it, shall be published on the Company's website in order to ensure concomitant access to said response by all other Shareholders.

Article 9-. Minutes of the General Meetings of Shareholders

A record will be made of what occurs at the General Meetings of Shareholders in the minutes book, registered at the Chamber of Commerce of the Company's headquarters. The minutes shall be signed by the Chairman of the meeting, General Secretary who will always act as Secretary at the General Shareholders Meetings, in the absence thereof, by the Statutory Auditor, and they shall be approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, which can delegate this authority to a plural commission appointed for this purpose. The minutes shall list the details and statements required by the legal provisions.

Paragraph. The minutes of remote meeting of the highest corporate body must contain the signature of a legal representative and the Company secretary. In the absence of a secretary, the minutes must be signed by one of the shareholders.



Article 10-. Quorum to Deliberate

Apart from the legal exceptions, the General Meeting of Shareholders shall deliberate with a plural number of Shareholders representing at least half plus one of the shares subscribed as at the date of the meeting. If the General Meeting of Shareholders cannot deliberate because the quorum is not met, a new meeting shall be announced, which shall meet and decide validly with one or more Shareholders, regardless of the number of shares they represent. These meetings must be held no earlier than ten (10) business days and no later than thirty (30) business days following the second announcement.

Article 11-. Decision-making Majorities

The decisions of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be adopted by an absolute majority of the votes corresponding to the shares represented at the meeting, with the following exceptions:

11.1. As long as it is required by articles 155 and 454 of the Commercial Code, or any regulation that modifies, adds or replaces them, the distribution of profits shall require the approval of a plural number of Shareholders who together hold at least seventy-eight percent (78%) of the shares represented at the meeting. In the absence of approval by such a majority, the distribution shall be no less than fifty percent (50%) of the profits or the remainder thereof, if losses from previous years must be coveredor seventy percent (70%) of the profits, in the event that the sum of legal, statutory and occasional reserves exceeds one hundred percent of the subscribed capital, in accordance with the applicable laws

11.2. The decision regarding the placement of shares without preemptive rights for Shareholders, in the case of Article 7 of the <u>Company Bylaws</u>, shall require approval by the vote of seventy percent (70%) of the shares represented, as long as it is required by numeral 5 of article 420 of the Commercial Code, or any rule that modifies, adds or replaces it.

11.3. Payment of the dividend in Company shares as mandatory for Shareholders shall require the positive vote of eighty percent (80%) of the shares represented, as long as it is required by article 455 of the Commercial Code, or any rule that modifies, adds or replaces it.

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11.4. In the event of a spin-off, the unanimity of the shares represented at the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be required to amend the proportion in which the Shareholders of the company being divided must participate. In this case the Company, in the capital of the beneficiary Company, as long as it is required by article 3 of Law 222 of 1995, or any regulation that modifies, adds or replaces it.

11.5. Any others that by virtue of mandatory legal regulation require a qualified or special majority greater than the absolute majority.

Article 12-. Right to Vote

Each share listed in the Shareholder Register shall confer the right to one vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders, without restriction regarding the number of votes that can be placed by the holder or the representative thereof, except for the prohibitions and ineligibilities established by law to vote on certain decisions, such as for Company Administrators and employees to vote on the balance sheets, year-end accounts and settlement accounts. The votes corresponding to a single Shareholder cannot be split. In any case, it will be understood that the exercise of voting rights in the hypotheses described below is consistent with the principle of voting unity:

- a) When the right to vote has been conferred on a third party through an act by virtue of which the rights inherent to the shares are dismembered, such as when a pledge, antichresis or usufruct is constituted over them, in which case the owner of the right to vote may vote in a different direction than the holder of the right of domain over the shares;
- b) When the registered holder of the shares is a trust company, in its capacity as administrator of an autonomous patrimony, in which case the trust company may vote with the trust shares in accordance with the voting instructions given by each trustor or beneficiary of the autonomous patrimony; and
- c) When the registered holder of shares is a depositary or custodian, in which case the shares registered in his name may be voted in accordance with the voting instructions given by each depositor of such shares.



Article 13-. Voting Rules

In the actions to be taken and votes to be cast by the General Meeting of Shareholders, the following rules shall be observed:

- 1. Votes shall be cast in writing only when so provided by the Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders, or when the electoral quotient system must be applied.
- 2. A separate vote shall be taken for each single election, but when a principal and alternate must be chosen for the same position, the election shall be made jointly.
- 3. In the event of a tie in a single election, a new vote shall be taken and, if this also results in a tie, the appointment shall be deemed suspended. If the tie occurs when voting on proposals or resolutions, they shall be deemed to be denied.
- 4. When the name of a candidate is repeated one or more times on the same ballot, only the votes for the candidate corresponding to said ballot shall be counted. However, if the repetition consists of being listed as a principal and, at the same time, as an alternate, the inclusion as an alternate shall not be taken into account.
- 5. When a ballot contains more names than it should, the first ones on the placement shall be counted up to the appropriate number. If it has less names, all those contained on the ballot shall be counted.
- 6. To form the Board of Directors and the commissions or official bodies, the electoral quotient system shall be applied, as prescribed by law, unless they are filled unanimously by the votes corresponding to the total shares represented at the meeting, or the law establishes the obligation of applying a different voting system.
- 7. The Company cannot vote using its own repurchased shares in its possession.
- 8. In the event of amendment of the Company Bylaws, each article or group of articles that are substantially independent shall be voted separately. In any case, an article shall be voted separately if a Shareholder or group of Shareholders representing at least five percent (5%) of the capital stock so requests during the General Shareholders' Meeting.

To facilitate the voting process, Shareholders who wish to make a record of their abstention, or vote against or in opposition to the agreements reached by the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be requested to submit this decision in writing and sign it prior to their intervention to the Secretary of the General Meeting of Shareholders.



Article 14-. Proxies

All Company Shareholders may be represented at the General Meetings of Shareholders by granting a proxy in writing indicating the name of the proxy holder, the person who the proxy may replace and the date of the meeting(s) for which the proxy is granted. A proxy granted for one meeting is deemed valid for the number of sessions of the General Meeting of Shareholders corresponding to the same meeting. The principals and representatives shall be identified by the legal provisions.

In order to minimize the use of delegations without voting instructions, the Company Administration shall publish a proxy template form on its website, including the different items on the agenda, in order for the Shareholder to be able to instruct the representative how to vote on each item.

Except in the cases of registered agents, Company Administrators and employees cannot represent shares other than their own at the General Meetings of Shareholders while they hold their positions, nor can they replace the proxies granted to them. Furthermore, Administrators and employees cannot vote on the balance sheets, year-end accounts or settlement accounts.

Article 15-. Functions and Responsibilities of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The General Meeting of Shareholders shall have the functions established in Article 27 of the <u>Company Bylaws</u>, namely:

- a) Freely elect and remove members of the Board of Directors, the Statutory Auditor and the respective alternates, and approve the succession policy for these positions, when applicable, which shall be proposed by the Board of Directors.
- b) Approve the general policy for the remuneration of Board members and, if proposed by the Board of Directors, define the general framework in which the Board itself may grant a variable remuneration component for Senior Management to be obtained based on the performance of Company shares on the market.
- c) Examine the reports that must be made by the Board of Directors and the Chief Legal Representative on an annual basis, or when required by the General Meeting of Shareholders, and as a result, approve, reject or amend the corresponding financial



statements and disclosures that, pursuant to legal regulation, they must submit for its consideration.

- d) Appoint from among its members a plural commission to study the accounts, financial statements and other reports of this kind, when they have not be approved, and report to the General Meeting of Shareholders within the term indicated thereby for this purpose.
- e) Consider the reports of the Board of Directors and the Chief Legal Representative regarding the status of the corporate business, disclosures, accounting data and statistics required by law; the proposals submitted by the Board of Directors with the financial statements; and the Statutory Auditor's report.
- F) Dispose of the profits established pursuant to the statements of financial position and income, once they have been approved, in compliance with the legal provisions and the regulations of the Company Bylaws. In exercise of this power, it may create or increase voluntary or occasional reserves for a specific purpose, designate amount for donations, and set the amount of the dividend, as well as the form and term of its payment. The quotas for donations approved by the General Assembly shall subsist until they are exhausted.
- **g)** Decide on the transfer or change in purpose of the occasional or voluntary reserves, the distribution thereof or their capitalization, when they are unnecessary.
- h) Allocate profits for the reserve to repurchase shares subject to the Company Bylaws and legal regulation and authorize the acquisition of the Company's own shares.
- i) Decide that a specific issuance of ordinary shares be placed without preemptive rights.
- j) Create shares issued for services or dividend-right shares, issue privileged shares, regulate their placement, determine the nature and extension of the privileges, reduce or eliminate them, subject to the rules of the Company Bylaws and the legal provisions.
- k) Agree on (i) the active or passive merger of the Company, with one or more other companies; (ii) its transformation; (iii) spin-off; or (iv) the division (spin-off), sale,

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encumbrance or lease of the company or part of its assets when, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, said transaction compromises essential assets for the development of the corporate purpose; (v) the acquisition of other companies or assets when, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, said transaction could lead to an effective change in the corporate purpose; (vi) the early dissolution or the extension of the lifespan; and (vii) in general, any reform, expansion or amendment of the Company Bylaws.

- Order the corresponding legal proceedings against Administrators, executives or the Statutory Auditor.
- m) In the event of dissolution of the Company, appoint one or more liquidators, and an alternate for each of them, dismiss them, set their remuneration, give them the orders and instructions required for settlement, and approve their accounts. Until this is done and the appointment of the liquidator and the alternate is registered, the Chief Legal Representative of the Company shall have this function when the Company begins the settlement process, and his/her alternates shall be those who, on that date, are his/her alternates, in their order.
- n) Create and place shares with a preferred dividend without voting rights. However, they may not represent more than the maximum percentage established by law.
- •) In general, adopt all the measures required for compliance with the corporate bylaws and the common interest of the Shareholders.
- p) Any others indicated by law or the Company Bylaws, and those that are not the responsibility of any other corporate body.

Article 16-. Delegation

The General Meeting of Shareholders may delegate some of its functions to the Board of Directors or the Chief Legal Representative of the Company in specific cases or for a specific period of time, provided that they can be delegated by their nature and their delegation is not forbidden. However, the functions contained in subsections a), b), f), g), i) and k) of Article 14 herein shall be deemed exclusive functions of the General Meeting of Shareholders and, therefore, may not be delegated.



Article 17-. Commission

The General Meeting of Shareholders can have commissions for special purposes, including:

17.1. Commission for the Review and Approval of the Minutes:

Responsible for reviewing the content of the minutes of the General Meeting of Shareholders prepared by the Secretary and signing it on behalf of all those attending if it finds that it is accurate and represents the reality of the events. This commission shall be made up of two attending Shareholders, or by their representatives, appointed by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

17.2. Election and Counting Commission:

Responsible for counting the votes at the election of the Board of Directors, or for any proposal that requires a counted vote. This commission shall be comprised of two Shareholders, or by their representatives, appointed by the General Meeting of Shareholders from the attendees.

Both commissions may be comformed by the same members, if approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Article 18-. Shareholder Intervention

Interventions by Shareholders at the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be made essentially in relation to the agenda and shall be limited to three (3) minutes. This term may be extended by the Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders for two (2) additional minutes. Once the end of the agenda has been reached, Shareholder interventions may continue to ask questions or make additional proposals to the agenda, in terms of the applicable law. Any Shareholders who wish to intervene shall identify themselves, indicating their full name and identification number. Once the Shareholder interventions have ended, their questions shall be answered. Any information or clarification requested shall be provided by the Chairman or, if applicable and by the instruction thereof, by another Administrator or, if deemed appropriate, by any employee or third party who is an expert on the matter.

Article 19-. Temporary Suspension

Exceptionally, in the occurrence of an event that substantially alters the orderly progress of the General Meeting of Shareholders, or any other extraordinary



circumstances that prevent the normal course thereof, the Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders may propose its suspension for the time necessary to restore the conditions to continue.

The deliberations of the General Meeting of Shareholders may be suspended and resumed at a later time as many times as decided by any plural number of Shareholders representing at least half plus one of the shares represented at the meeting. However, the deliberations may not last for more than three days, unless all the subscribed shares are represented when the meeting resumes or unless the current law allows it.

Article 20-. Behavior

Correct behavior by all attendees of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be expected during its sessions. The Board is authorized to order removal from the session of the General Meeting of Shareholders of any person who is inebriated, drinking alcohol, using drugs or by any means or behavior is obstructing the normal running of the meeting.

Article 21-. Information on the General Meeting of Shareholders

With the aim to keep the shareholders who cannot attend the General Meeting of Shareholders informed, on its website, the Company shall post a summary of the main aspects of the General Meeting of Shareholders held, including the start time, location, quorum for deliberation and the main topics that were addressed and voted on at the meeting.

Article 22-. Duties of the Company's Shareholders.

The following are the duties of the Company's Shareholders:

- a) Use the mechanisms made available by the Company to report cases of Conflict of Interest in which the Shareholder may be involved, as well as the cases that they come to know and that involve Company personnel.
- b) Properly handle the information that is delivered to them and of which they are aware in their capacity as a Shareholder.

Article 23. Prohibitions of the Company's Shareholders.

The following are prohibitions of the Company's Shareholders:



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- **b)** Exercise any type of pressure on the Company that may imply unfair treatment to the detriment of other Shareholders.
- c) Carry out transactions related to the Company's shares without complying with legal and statutory requirements.
- d) Carry out transactions related to the Company's shares without complying with legal and statutory requirements.

Article 24. Approval

These Rules of Procedure must be approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders. The approval must be communicated to the market once this decision is made. Additionally, the Rules of Procedure shall be disclosed on the <u>corporate website</u>.

Article 25. Interpretation, Amendment and Repeal

These Rules of Procedure establish that set forth by the <u>Company Bylaws</u> and Corporate Governance Code regarding the General Meeting of Shareholders. Their interpretation, amendment and repeal shall be the exclusive responsibility of the same General Meeting of Shareholders.

Article 25. Approval and Validity

These Rules of Procedure, forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance System, shall be applicable at the General Meeting of Shareholders, following the meeting at which they were approved.